## Amendments to the Claims

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings of claims in the application:

Claim 1 (original): A pharmaceutical composition for the oral administration of an active agent having low water solubility, wherein

- a) the active agent is dispersed in an aqueous formulation base; and
- b) the solubilizing agent is suitable for the formation of an aqueous dispersion of nanoparticles;

which is characterized in that the solubilizing agent is a pharmaceutically acceptable polymer which is resistant to gastric juices and soluble in intestinal juices.

Claim 2 (original): A pharmaceutical composition according to claim 1, wherein the polymer, which is resistant to gastric juices and soluble in intestinal juices is a copolymer from monomers selected from the group consisting of methacrylic acid, methacrylic acid esters, acrylic acid and acrylic acid esters.

Claim 3 (currently amended): A pharmaceutical composition according to claim 1, wherein the said pharmaceutically acceptable polymer, which is resistant to gastric juices and soluble in intestinal juices, is a pharmaceutically acceptable cellulose derivative selected from the group consisting of hydroxypropyl methyl cellulose acetate succinate (HPMCAS), hydroxypropylmethylcellulose phthalate hydroxypropyl methyl cellulose phthalate (HPMCP), celluloseacetate phthalate cellulose acetate phthalate (CAP), and celluloseacetatetrimellitate cellulose acetate trimellitate (CAT).

Claim 4 (currently amended): A pharmaceutical composition according to claim 2, wherein <u>said</u> <u>pharmaceutically acceptable</u> the polymer is a 1:1-up to 1:2-copolymer from monomers selected from the group consisting of methacrylic acid and methacrylic acid lower alkyl esters.

Claim 5 (original): A pharmaceutical composition according to claim 4, wherein the copolymer is a 1:1-up to 1:2-copolymer of methacrylic acid and methacrylic acid methyl ester.

Claim 6 (original): A pharmaceutical composition according to claim 2, wherein the copolymer is a 1:1-copolymer of methacrylic acid and acrylic acid ethyl ester.

Claim 7 (cancelled).

Claim 8 (original): A pharmaceutical composition according to claim 1, wherein the formulation base contains water soluble additives suitable for incorporation in a dosage form intended for oral administration.

Claims 9 to 11 (cancelled).

Claim 12 (new): A pharmaceutical composition for the oral administration of an active agent having low water solubility comprising nanoparticles of said active agent in a polymeric matrix, wherein said polymeric matrix comprises a pharmaceutically acceptable polymer, said pharmaceutically acceptable polymer being resistant to gastric juices and being soluble in intestinal juices.

Claim 13 (new): A pharmaceutical composition according to claim 12, wherein said pharmaceutically acceptable polymer allows the release of said active agent from said nanoparticles in said intestinal juices having a slightly basic pH.

Claim 14 (new): A pharmaceutical composition according to claim 12, wherein said pharmaceutically acceptable polymer allows the release of said active agent from said nanoparticles in said intestinal juices having a neutral pH.

Claim 15 (new): A pharmaceutical composition according to claim 12, wherein said pharmaceutically acceptable polymer is a copolymer selected from the group consisting of (a) methacrylic acid or acrylic acid and (b) methyl or ethyl esters of acrylic or methacrylic acid monomers.

Claim 16 (new): A pharmaceutical composition according to claim 15, wherein said copolymer is a 1:1-copolymer selected from the group consisting of (a) methacrylic acid and (b) methyl or ethyl esters of acrylic or methacrylic acid monomers.

Claim 17 (new): A pharmaceutical composition according to claim 15, wherein said copolymer is a 1:2-copolymer selected from the group consisting of (a) methacrylic acid and (b) methyl or ethyl esters of acrylic or methacrylic acid monomers.

Claim 18 (new): A pharmaceutical composition according to claim 15, wherein said copolymer is a 1:1-copolymer of (a) methacrylic acid and (b) methacrylic acid methyl ester.

Claim 19 (new): A pharmaceutical composition according to claim 15, wherein said copolymer is a 1:2-copolymer of (a) methacrylic acid and (b) methacrylic acid methyl ester.

Claim 20 (new): A pharmaceutical composition according to claim 15, wherein said copolymer is a 1:1-copolymer of (a) methacrylic acid and (b) acrylic acid ethyl ester.

Claim 21 (new): A pharmaceutical composition according to Claim 1, wherein said pharmaceutically acceptable polymer is polyvinyl acetate phthalate (PVAP).

Claim 22 (new): A pharmaceutical composition according to Claim 12, wherein said pharmaceutically acceptable polymer is polyvinyl acetate phthalate (PVAP).

Claim 23 (new): A pharmaceutical composition according to Claim 1, wherein said nanoparticles are nanospheres.

Claim 24 (new): A pharmaceutical composition according to Claim 12, wherein said nanoparticles are nanospheres.

Claim 25 (new): A pharmaceutical composition according to Claim 1, wherein said active agent has a water solubility of less than 200 mg/1000 ml.

Claim 26 (new): A pharmaceutical composition according to Claim 12, wherein said active agent has a water solubility of less than 200 mg/1000 ml.

Claim 27 (new): A process for preparing a pharmaceutical composition for oral administration of an active agent having low water solubility comprising the steps of:

- a) preparing an aqueous gel comprising a hydrophilic polymer;
- b) preparing a solution of an organic solvent comprising said active agent and a
  pharmaceutically acceptable polymer, wherein said pharmaceutically acceptable polymer
  is resistant to gastric juices and soluble in intestinal juices;
- c) combining said gel from step a with said solution of step b; and
- d) adding pure water to said combination of step c to form a homogenous aqueous dispersion of nanoparticles.

Claim 28 (new): The process according to claim 27, wherein said aqueous gel further comprises a water soluble salt.

Claim 29 (new): The process according to claim 27, wherein said hydrophilic polymer is polyvinyl alcohol.

Claim 30 (new): The process according to claim 27, further comprising the step of lyophilizing said homogenous aqueous dispersion of nanoparticles to a lyophilizate.

Claim 31 (new): A pharmaceutical composition obtained by said process of claim 27.